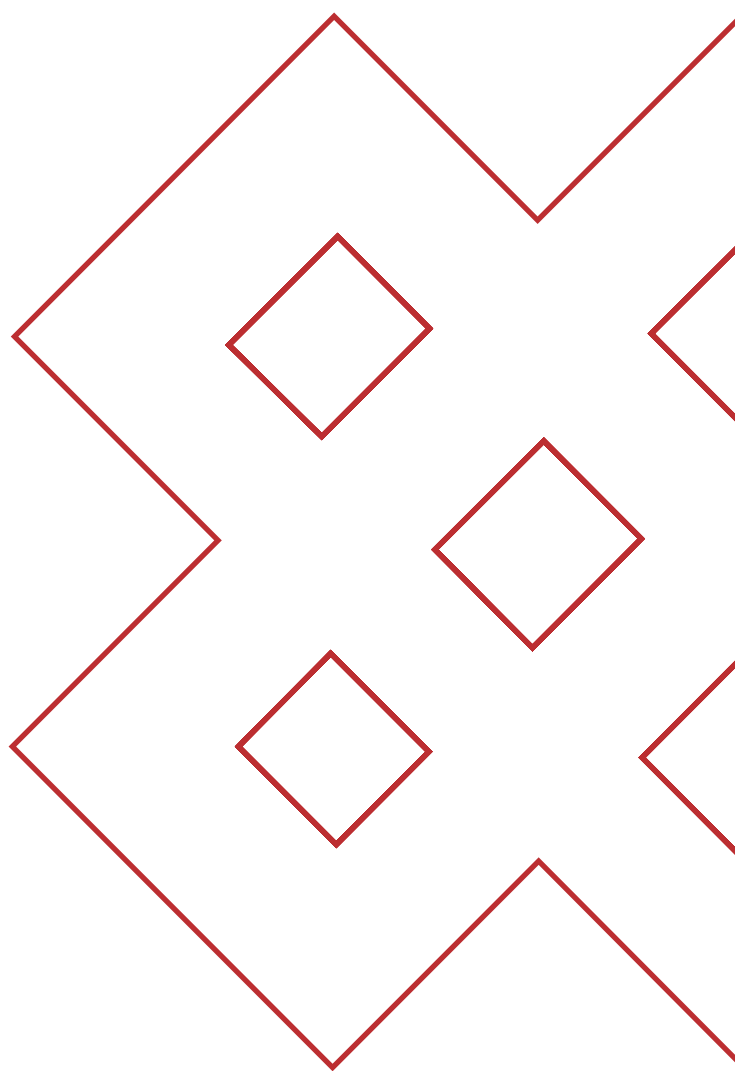




FireCell



MAINTENANCE GUIDE

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Overview

It is important that fire alarm systems are regularly checked to ensure their continued correct operation. The maintenance of fire alarm systems should be in accordance with applicable local installation codes. This maintenance guide has been written in conjunction with British Standard BS5839: Part 1.



Important Note: other local installation codes may vary.

The owner or other person having control of the premises shall appoint a responsible person to supervise the system. The person shall be given sufficient authority to ensure the carrying out of any necessary work to maintain correct system operation, including the upkeep of the log book, and completion of the recommended servicing.

Procedures must be laid down for responding to fire alarms, fault warnings, or taking part or all of the system out of service. These procedures must be approved by the appropriate fire authority before implementation.

The responsible person must ensure that all users are properly instructed in the use of the system. Members of staff involved in first aid fire-fighting must be trained to correctly interpret system indications and understand their relationship to the building layout. Management, staff and, in most cases, long-term occupants, must be instructed and practise regularly the actions to be taken in the event of a fire.

The responsible person must liaise with those authorised to approve changes to or maintenance of the building fabric (including redecoration, etc.) to ensure that their work does not cause faults on, or otherwise interfere with the operation of the fire alarm system. If structural or occupancy changes occur or are planned, then the responsible person should ensure that any necessary changes to the fire alarm system are considered at an early stage.

The responsible person shall ensure that a clear space is present in all directions below every detector, and that all manual call points remain unobstructed and conspicuous.

Pre-testing Guidelines

It is important to ensure that operation during testing does not result in a false fire alarm. If the fire alarm system is connected to an automatic dialling unit, then the transmission should be prevented (for instance by disconnection) before carrying out routine tests, since under normal conditions test calls are not permitted.

In certain equipment, signal transmission can be inhibited by lifting a telephone receiver. Use of this function to inhibit transmission is deprecated, but where used the inhibited state should be indicated by the use of a clear notice on the control equipment.

If transmission of signals to a remote manned central station is prevented during testing, a visual indication of this state must be clearly indicated at the control equipment. If a link to a remote manned central station is to be used during testing, then it is essential to notify the centre in advance, unless a recognised testing procedure is regularly carried out at an agreed time.

The occupants of the premises shall be notified in advance of any testing that may result in the sounders being operated.

Daily Maintenance

A check should be made every day to ascertain the following:-

- a) Ensure that the front panel of the Master controller is indicating a normal condition (i.e. no alarm or faults LED's are lit and the LCD is displaying the correct date and time.

Note: If the panel is not indicating a normal condition, record the condition in the log book and take any necessary action. Refer to section 1.1.

- b) Check that any fault recorded on the previous day has received attention.
If any connection to the public fire brigade or other remote manned central station is not continuously monitored then it should be tested daily in accordance with the suppliers instructions.

Note: On 1 day each week the daily test will be incorporated in the weekly test.

Weekly Maintenance

These checks would normally be carried out by a responsible member of the building staff. They should also be carried out by the service engineer after all routine maintenance checks.



WARN ALL PERSONNEL THAT THE SOUNDERS ARE ABOUT TO BE TESTED. TELEPHONE CENTRAL STATION AND INFORM THEM THAT A TEST IS ABOUT TO TAKE PLACE

Note: When reference is made to the controller, the actions should be carried out / checked on all repeater units fitted on the system.

The fire alarm system testing should be in accordance with applicable local installation codes.

The following checks should be made:-

- a) If necessary, clean the front panel of the controller with a suitable cleansing agent. i.e. anti static cleansing wipes.
- b) Set one device (a call point) from one zone into alarm, at the call point insert the test key provided into slot in bottom of call point, check that the system responds as follows:-
 - i) The controller's internal buzzer sounds in a continuous tone.
 - ii) The common red "FIRE" symbol on the controller front panel illuminates.
 - iii) The appropriate red "FIRE ZONE" LED on the controller front panel flashes.
 - iv) The general and zonal sounders operate.
 - v) The xenon beacons operate.
 - vi) The alphanumeric display gives the location of the alarm.
 - vii) The repeater panel indicates the same information as the main control panel.
 - viii) The appropriate plant shutdown operates.
- c) Record the device used to initiate the test in the site log book. Accept the alarm on the main fire alarm control panel and reset system via appropriate function pushes on control panel.
- d) Check the condition of the printout on the printer attached to the system and replace the thermal paper if it is becoming faint.
- e) Ensure that the printer has an adequate supply of paper.
- f) Contact monitoring control room to confirm test signal was received and signal is now in normal status. Confirm tests are now completed.
- g) Record in the FiretCell log book any defects found and take appropriate action.

Six Monthly Maintenance

Note: When reference is made to ancillary equipment, the actions should be carried out / checked on all Radio Cluster Communicator units fitted on the system and also the Radio Hub were applicable.

The following checks should be made:-

- a) Perform the weekly checks.
- b) Check the entries in the log book and carry out any necessary action.
- c) Test all call points and 50% of automatic devices and confirm correct operation as detailed in weekly tests point
- d) Check device signal strength readings against the recorded commissioning levels as per FireCell minimum requirements.
- e) Check all fault indicators by simulating a FAULT condition in each zone either:
 - i) Removing a detector from its base.
 - ii) Disconnecting the local circuit from an ancillary unit's circuit.
- f) Visually check the condition of the controller and other ancillary equipment for signs of moisture ingress and other deterioration.
- g) Make overall visual examination, test fixings and adjust if necessary.
Check voltage (24V, 12V, 6V), test current draw (mA), test stand-by batteries on load. Check all battery connections. Check all batteries in control panels and ancillary control equipment. The use of an ACT meter is recommended.
- h) The alarm functions of the control and indicating equipment should be checked by the operation of a detector or call point in each zone. The operation of the alarm sounders and any link to a remote manned centre should be tested.
- i) Ensure that a clear space of at least 750 mm is preserved in all directions below heat and smoke detectors, and that all manual call points remain unobstructed and conspicuous.
- j) Check any remote aerial connections for damage. A resistance of 47K should be seen between the centre and outer cores of the coax connector located at Radio Hub or Radio Cluster Communicator end of the aerial cable.
- k) Record in the FireCell log book any defects found and take appropriate action.

Six monthly maintenance should be based on a risk assessment, taking into account the type of system installed, the environment in which it operates in, and any other factors that may affect the long term operation of the system as per applicable local installation codes.

Annual Maintenance

Note: When reference is made to ancillary equipment, the actions should be carried out / checked on all Radio Cluster Communicator units fitted on the system and also the Radio Hub were applicable.

The following checks should be made:-

- a) Carry out all six monthly checks.
- b) Visually check the inside and outside of the controller / repeater panel for damage.
- c) Check for damage to, and paint on, all detection devices.
- d) Check for damage and accumulations of dirt on smoke detectors.

DO NOT CLEAN. These units **MUST** be exchanged and returned to the factory for service. An analogue value of 35 for smoke detectors indicates service required.

- e) Check the fixings for the controller and all detectors, sounders and ancillary equipment which forms part of the fire detection system.
- f) Check the cable fixings at the controller and each ancillary device for correct connection.
- g) All remaining detectors and call points not tested in six monthly checks should be tested for correct operation.
- h) Record in the FireCell log book any defects found and take appropriate action.

Four- to Five -Yearly Maintenance

The following checks should be made:-

- a) Carry out all annual checks.
- b) Inform the responsible person that “x” number of batteries require to be replaced.
- c) Replacement batteries are required in the following equipment;
 - i) All wireless devices - Except Dual I/O (EMS-41-0202-0001), that uses 10 year batteries
 - ii) Radio Cluster Communicators
- d) The Battery Information section refers to recommended replacement battery requirements.
- e) The responsible person should ensure that every five years (or more frequently if the building electrical system is tested at shorter intervals) the installation should be tested in accordance with the testing and inspection requirements of current IEE wiring regulations. Any defect should be recorded in the log book and reported to the responsible person, and action should be taken to correct it.
- f) The responsible person receives a certificate of testing upon completion of the works.

Ten-Yearly Maintenance

The following checks should be made:

- a) Carry out all annual checks.
- b) Inform the responsible person that “x” number of batteries require to be replaced.
- c) Replace all the batteries in the Dual I/O (FC-0202) device with the recommended type and manufacturer.
- d) Refer to the ‘Battery information’ section for the recommended replacement battery requirements..
- e) The responsible person must ensure that the installation is tested at least every ten years (more frequently if the building electrical system is tested at shorter intervals), in accordance with the testing and inspection requirements of current IEE Wiring Regulations.
- f) Record in the FireCell log book any defects found and take appropriate action.
- g) The responsible person receives a certificate of testing upon completion of the works.

Battery Information

FireCell product	Typical Battery Life	Battery quantity	Part number(s)	Specified battery #1	Specified battery #2
Control panel/PSU	Up to 5 years*	As per system design†	See page 10		
RCC	Up to 5 years*‡	1x 6V 5Ah *‡	FC-006-005	SSB: SB5-6	Casil: CA650-V0
Call Point, Detector & Wireless Remote Indicator.	Up to 5 years*	6 x AA Alkaline*	FC-809-000	Varta 4006	Panasonic LR6AD -Obsolete-
Sounder, Sounder / beacon, Beacon, Sounder / visual indicator, Visual indicator & Combined sounder / detector	Up to 5 years*	3 x AA Alkaline*	FC-809-000	Varta 4006	Panasonic LR6AD -Obsolete-
		3 x C Alkaline*	FC-810-000	Varta 4014	Panasonic LR14AD
Wireless Door Control	Up to 5 years*	2 x C Alkaline*	FC-810-000	Varta 4014	Panasonic LR14AD
Input/Output Device - Legacy (FC-610-001)	Up to 5 years*	6 x AA Alkaline*	FC-809-000	Varta 4014	Panasonic LR14AD
Input/Output Device (FC-41-0202)	Up to 10 years§	3 x 3V CR123A lithium manganese dioxide cells. Minimum capacity 1550mAh	EMS-837-000	Duracell DL 123A / Duracell CR 123A Intense	Panasonic CR-123A PA / BD

* Typical 5 year battery life, based on normal usage.

† See the Fire Control Panel / PSU Batteries section for available batteries.

‡ Note: if 72 hours battery standby is required, it is recommended that the battery is replaced every 3 years.

§ Typical 10 year battery life, based on normal usage.

Fire Control Panel / PSU Batteries

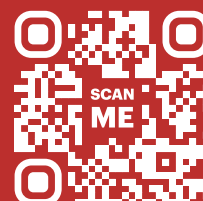
Note: Fire Panel and associated PSU batteries used will vary according to system design.

Battery quantity	Part number(s)
2 x 12V 7Ah	FC-012-007
2 x 12V 9Ah	FC-012-009
2 x 12V 12Ah	FC-012-012
2 x 12V 18Ah	FC-012-018
2 x 12V 26Ah	FC-012-026
2 x 12V 38Ah	FC-012-038
2 x 12V 65Ah	FC-012-065



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